

ATTEMPT TO OUST JUSTICE WRIGHT

Philadelphia Makes Demand That Jurist Be Impeached.

PETITION IS SENT TO HOUSE

Bases His Plea on Court's Action in Case of Labor Leaders.

Washington, August 1.—The impeachment of Associate Justice Daniel Thew Wright, of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, is demanded in a petition sent to Speaker Clark today by Francis Tracy Tobin, a Philadelphia attorney. The cause given for impeachment is the action of Justice Wright in the Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison contempt case.

Without laying the matter before the House, Speaker Clark has handed over the petition to the House Judiciary Committee, and it is said that no action will be taken by the committee in the matter unless some member of the House formally offers a resolution calling upon the committee or the House to consider the petition. The petition is not taken seriously at the Capitol.

Reasons Set Forth.

The petition sets forth the following reasons for the impeachment of Justice Wright:

"That Daniel Thew Wright, associate justice of the Supreme Court for the District of Columbia, by his decision in the contempt case in the injunction proceedings in the matter of the Buckle Stove and Range Company in passing sentence on Samuel Gompers of one year, John Mitchell, of nine months, and Frank Morrison of six months in jail, has acted in an illegal, unjust and arbitrary manner and in violation of his oath of office.

"Justice Wright has no right to allow the attorneys for the Buckle Stove and Range Company, in whose case the injunction was issued, to prepare the contempt proceedings and to prepare the petition for the court in the matter of the decision in said case.

"That Justice Wright, by allowing the attorneys for the Buckle Stove and Range Company to prepare contempt proceedings and paper for the court and the decision of the court, was influenced and controlled by them.

Control Is Charged.

"That in all matters for the contempt proceedings in the matter of the injunction in the case of the Buckle Stove and Range Company, Justice Wright was influenced, dictated to and controlled by the said attorneys for the same in an improper and unjust manner.

"That Justice Wright was controlled by this corporation in his decision.

"That Justice Wright, by his decision denied to the defendants rights guaranteed under the Constitution of the United States.

"That Justice Wright permitted his court and processes thereof to be used, not for the administration of justice, but for the instruments of torture in the interests of a corporation, to wit: Buckle Stove and Range Company.

"That Justice Wright, by his decision in the matter, has shown his utter disregard for the rights of citizens, secured by the Constitution and laws of the United States, and his violation of his oath of office as a judge.

Sees Bad Precedent.

"That Justice Wright, by his decision in the said matter, has attempted to set up a most dangerous and destructive precedent and principle to the rights of American citizens.

"That Justice Wright, by his decision in the said matter, has shown himself to be the avowed enemy of American labor by denying them their legal rights.

"That Justice Wright, by his decision in the said matter, has shown that he does not possess the judicial qualities necessary for a judge and is a person unfit and unsafe to sit as a judge in any matter or decision in any court of the United States and should be removed from his position."

At the office of the American Federation of Labor today Secretary Frank Morrison said that Francis Tracy Tobin was unknown to him. He refused to comment on the petition for the impeachment of Justice Wright.

Justice Wright finished his vacation term on the bench yesterday, and late in the afternoon boarded the steamer Capital City and left for his summer home at Oakley, Md., where he will remain until early in October.

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A Special Bargain—Walker's High-Grade Grape Juice, excellent summer drink, regular price, quarts, 50c, now 35c; pints, 25c, now 18c.

Finest quality Swiss Cheese, lb., 25c.

Quaker Toasted Corn Flakes, regular 10c pkg., now 2 pgs., 15c.

2 pgs. Layer Figs, regular price 5c each, now 2 pgs., 5c.

Jello Ice Cream Powder, 9c, or 3 pgs., 25c.

Pump Starch, 7 lbs. for, 25c.

Potted Ham or Tongue, 6 cans, 25c.

Fresh Soda Crackers or Ginger Snaps, per pound, 5c.

Large Juicy Lemons, dozen, 18c.

Post Toasties Corn Flakes, 3 pgs., 25c.

Fresh Nearby Country Eggs, dozen, 20c.

Ice Cream Freezing Salt, peck, 10c.

Mason Fruit Jars, pints, 48c dozen; quarts, 53c dozen; 12 gallons, 68c.

Gold Medal Flour, 38c bag; barrel, \$5.99.

Good Green or Mixed Tea, lb., 30c.

Celuloid Starch, package, 4c.

Very Large California Prunes, lb., 10c.

Calumet Small Best Quality Hams, per lb., 17c.

New Herring, per dozen, 10c.

Witch Hazel Toilet Soap, 3 to box, 10c.

Best Quality Beer, dozen, 55c.

Large New Irish Potatoes, 25c peck; per bushel, 85c.

Good Salt Pork, lb., 10c.

Good Lard, lb., 11c.

Snowdrift Lard, all size can, lb., 12c.

Large can Best Salmon, can, 11c.

Large can Sour Kroun, 8c.

Fresh Mushroom Crackers, lb., 13c.

Absolutely Pure Leaf Lard, in 3, 5 and 10-lb. cans, at per lb., 14c.

Smithfield Country Hams, lb., 19c.

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VIRGINIA CAMP SCENES AT MOUNT GRETN



BRIGADE REVIEW IS HELD AT CAMP

Virginia Soldiers Will Leave Mount Gretna for Home This Evening.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
Mt. Gretna, Pa., August 1.—This evening a brigade review was held in which the First Regiment held the best line and was warmly complimented by Colonel Perry.

Tonight the following order was issued to the different company commanders: Pursuant to the provisions of G. O. 17, headquarters, Camp of Instruction, this regiment is relieved from duty at this camp to take effect upon departure, and is authorized to proceed to its home stations at 7 P. M. August 1. Attention of the company commanders is called to the fact upon breaking camp, there must be a careful observance and a strict compliance with the provisions of G. O. No. 12, headquarters camp of instruction, of date July 12, 1912. By order of the colonel.

DEMAND IS MADE FOR EARLY TRIAL

House Managers Ask That Archibald Case Begin August 7.

Washington, August 1.—Demand for an immediate trial of Judge Robert W. Archibald, to begin before the Senate August 7, was made by Chairman Clayton of the House managers when the Senate took up today the impeachment proceedings against the Commerce Court judge.

Mr. Archibald's attorneys protested against any fixing of the time for the trial until the pleadings in the case are finished, next Saturday.

Senate Breaks Rule.

The Senate broke an inviolable parliamentary rule today in order to begin in session for the trial of Judge Archibald, which was scheduled for 1 o'clock. A roll call at 12:15 showed that a quorum of the Senate was not present. Instead of a motion to adjourn, a motion for a recess was made. Had the rule requiring adjournment been enforced, the Senate could not have reconvened until tomorrow. Senator Bacon explained later that he had recognized the motion for a recess "because of the unusual circumstances."

The Senate convened at 1 o'clock as a court of impeachment. Accompanying the House managers were Wesley Brown, assistant to the Attorney General, who has been designated to aid the House in presenting the impeachment case.

Judge Archibald and his attorneys entered the chamber after the proceedings had been begun. Representative Clayton, chairman of the House managers, presented the replication to Judge Archibald's answer.

The prosecutors answer that their charges do constitute impeachable offense. Judge Archibald's counsel, in his answer, contended they did not.

To the judge's answer that none of the acts complained of constituted an abuse of his office or a high crime or

misdeed, the House managers made denial.

Representative Clayton, as soon as the reply of the House managers to Judge Archibald's answer had been read, presented a formal order asking that the jurist give the names of his witnesses to the present-at-arms of the Senate and that they be summoned to appear for the opening of the trial on August 7.

There was immediate objection from Attorney Worthington. He said the date of trial should not be fixed until the expiration of the time set for the completion of the pleadings, August 8. He added that the "replication" made by the House managers was "an insubstantial answer" to many of the statements that had been made. Judge Archibald's answer filed last Thursday, and that Judge Archibald and his attorneys would present further pleadings in the case before Saturday.

Chairman Clayton informed the Senate that he was authorized by the House of Representatives to demand the speedy opening of the trial, and he asked the Senate to take up the question of time at once and settle it.

Says Course Is Right.

Mr. Clayton declared there was nothing new in the reply of the House managers to the defendant when he framed his answer. The course suggested by the House managers, he said, was right, proper and just.

Mr. Worthington declared that one of the most important questions in the case—one of which not a thing had been said in the pleadings—was whether a judge could be brought in and tried on charges of which he knew nothing.

He referred specifically to the alleged attempt to induce the Lehigh Valley Railway to buy property belonging to the Eyward heirs, which he read and designated as vague and indefinite. At least two offenses were attempted to be included in the article, he said. He found like objection to the last article. To neither of these objections, he said, had the House replied.

Representative Clayton declared the House believed it had made proper answer to all the exceptions of Judge Archibald. Senator Nelson asked Judge Archibald's counsel when they would be ready for trial.

Mr. Worthington said that it would be a denial of justice to begin a trial August 7, or any other date. He finally suggested October 1.

He expressed his unpreparedness to furnish to-day his reasons for this time, and again asked until Saturday to make his showing.

After a brief conference with his associates, Chairman Clayton, of the House managers, agreed to wait until Saturday to settle the time of trial.

MAY ACQUIT MME. BLOCK

Woman Who Killed Mrs. Bridgeman Likely to Be Freed.

Paris, August 1.—James E. Bridgeman, the husband of the American woman, Mrs. Bridgeman, formerly Minnie Bernhard, of Milwaukee, who was shot and killed yesterday by Mme. Block,

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

Fredericksburg, Va., August 1.—

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Aiger, natives of Chatham county, who have resided in that county within a radius of a few miles all their lives, went to the town of Madison, the county seat, a few days ago for the first time. They had never seen a town before, and have never ridden on a railroad train or a steamboat. Mr. Aiger is sixty-one years old and his wife is fifty-four.

a French story-writer and contributor to children's papers, is an Englishman.

Mrs. Bridgeman, though born in Milwaukee, had lived practically all her life in France.

The acquittal of Mme. Block is said by her lawyers to be a virtual foregone conclusion, owing to the circumstances under which the crime was committed.

EXPLORERS GIVEN HEARTY GREETING AT COPENHAGEN

Copenhagen, Denmark, August 1.—Captain Elmer Mikkelson, the Danish Arctic explorer and the engineer, Iversen, who accompanied him, both of whom were rescued July 17 last on the coast of Greenland by a Norwegian fishing vessel, arrived here today, and were greeted at the wharf by enormous crowds.

The two explorers, who had spent more than two years in Greenland, which they started to cross in the summer of 1910, after discovering the depot left by Mylius Erichsen, who, with two companions, had perished in Greenland in 1908, were generally thought to have died somewhere in the north of Greenland.

Captain Mikkelson and Engineer Iversen were late this afternoon received by King Frederick at the palace, when His Majesty conferred a gold medal on each of them.

She Had Consumption, Was Dying; Now Well!

Bokman's Alternative is being used with success in the treatment of Tuberculosis in all parts of the country. Persons who have had consumption, or who are suffering from it, and who are unable to get well, should use Bokman's Alternative. It is a powerful medicine, and it will cure you. It is a powerful medicine, and it will cure you. It is a powerful medicine, and it will cure you.

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J. CRAWFORD DREVER, Secretary
The Builders' Exchange of the City of Richmond

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Suspicion Strengthened.

The opinion being officially entertained that the Japanese government has no purpose of seeking to control Magdalena Bay, at present at least, the action of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations at this time, when there appeared to be no tangible issue in sight, has strengthened the suspicion felt in some quarters that the real target of the Senate resolution is not Japan, but one of the great European powers, which has been advancing with giant strides to a ranking place among the great maritime forces of the world.

As a necessary part of the extension of its various steamship lines into the seven seas, that nation has acquired by others at various ports for coaling steam merchant ships. It is true that nowhere does that government figure as the titular owner of the coal walls and coal piles, some of which are located in the Western Hemisphere. But these coaling facilities are won by merchant lines, which are general subsidized so that the ships are available as part of the naval force of the government in case of war.

Ostensibly called forth by the unsuccessful negotiations for the transfer of the Magdalena Bay tract to Japan, it is said to be conceivable that the resolution reported by the Senate committee would apply in full force to the acquisition of coaling privi-

The department takes the ground that it has not failed in the past to

apply promptly the doctrine as it saw fit, to meet the issues raised in every particular instance. But it has never undertaken to define that doctrine exactly, as a general principle of international law, a long line of Secretaries of State holding it the part of wisdom to allow the principle a certain degree of flexibility to meet the developments of each generation. Thus, it is recalled that when Secretary Knox was urged by the promoters of the sale of the Magdalena Bay lands to place the government on record as approving or disapproving the project he declined to do so.

legues, involving the possession of tracts of land on American soil by any of the established European steamship lines. If the Monroe Doctrine is affirmed in the shape in which it appears in this resolution, immediately there will arise the important question as to whether or not the declaration is retroactive in effect. On that decision may depend prolonged and difficult negotiations with the European powers whose commercial interests are involved.

Washington, August 1.—Congress was called upon again today to furnish emergency funds to carry on the affairs of the Federal government.

The failure of the two branches of Congress to agree upon the annual appropriation bill left the billion-dollar government stranded to-day, with no money to pay clerks, officers or ordinary bills.

A resolution was agreed upon by the appropriations committee of the two houses to extend the appropriations of last year until August 15. It is expected that all the appropriations of the agreement to suspend business there until the fact notification ceremony and luncheon had been concluded. Its immediate passage was expected.

The expenses of the Federal government reach a total of nearly \$2,000,000 a day. All appropriations expired by law June 30, and an emergency resolution was passed July 1, continuing them for a month. The second resolution, offered to-day, will authorize enough additional expenditure to carry along all existing work of the government and to pay pensions.

A Word to Women on Health Matters

Women are generally careful about the state of their health, and they are apt to make good use of remedies known as disease preventives. Germicides and antiseptics are included in this class, but the greatest care should be exercised in using any such which contains poisons, unless prescribed by a physician.

By reason of its absolute safety and its beneficial results, physicians generally have strongly recommended Tyro's Antiseptic Powder. It is unequalled as a preventive of contagious disease, unsurpassed as a douche and highly efficacious in avoiding infection, healing diseased tissues, ulcers and delicate membrane passages. Ideal and delicate for deodorizing sick rooms and general disinfecting purposes. A 25-cent package contains two gallons standard solution. Sold by druggists everywhere. Send for booklet and sample, T. S. Tyro, Chemist, Washington, D. C.

Station Clerk to President

JOHN GRAHAM DREW,

the new vice-president of the Missouri Pacific Railroad. Mr. Drew was born at Hammond, N. Y., February 12, 1864. He entered the railway service on January 18, 1881, as station clerk on the St. Joseph and Grand Island Railroad. He remained with that railroad until June 1, 1890, during which time he held the positions of telegraph operator, agent, superintendent's chief clerk, general manager's chief clerk, general bookkeeper, chief clerk to auditor and auditor. On June 1, 1899, he went with the Great Northern Railway as assistant controller. He was made controller of the Great Northern on January 1, 1902, which position he held until June 1, 1911, when he accepted the position as general auditor of the Missouri Pacific.

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